## **BOW LAKE**

**2021 SAMPLING HIGHLIGHTS** 

## **Station 3 Bennett**

Strafford and Northwood, NH



Water quality data displayed in Tables 1 and 2 are surface water measurements with the exception of the dissolved oxygen data that were collected near the lake bottom.

Blue = Excellent = Oligotrophic

Yellow = Fair = Mesotrophic

Red = Poor = Eutrophic

Gray = No Data

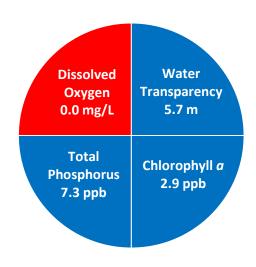


Figure 1. Bow Lake Water Quality (2021)

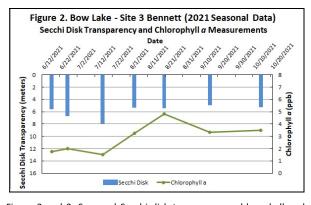
Table 1. 2021 Bow Lake Seasonal Averages and NH DES Aquatic Life Nutrient Criteria<sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Oligotrophic "Excellent"	Mesotrophic "Fair"	Eutrophic "Poor"	Bow Lake – 3 Bennett Average (range)	Bow Lake – 3 Bennett Classification
Water Clarity (meters)	4.0 – 7.0	2.5 - 4.0	< 2.5	<b>5.7</b> meters (4.8 – 7.8)	Oligotrophic
Chlorophyll a <sup>1</sup> (ppb)	< 3.3	> 3.3 – 5.0	> 5.0 – 11.0	<b>2.9</b> ppb (1.5 – 4.8)	Oligotrophic
Total Phosphorus <sup>1</sup> (ppb)	< 8.0	> 8.0 – 12.0	> 12.0 – 28.0	<b>7.3</b> ppb (5.9 – 8.8)	Oligotrophic
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	5.0 – 7.0	2.0 – 5.0	<2.0	<b>0.0</b> mg/L (0.0 – 0.1)*	Eutrophic

<sup>\*</sup> Dissolved oxygen concentrations were measured on September 15, 2021 between 8.5 and 16.0 meters, in the bottom water layer.

### Table 2. 2021 Bow Lake Seasonal Average Accessory Water Quality Measurements

Parameter	Assessment Criteria					Bow Lake – 3 Bennett Average (range)	Bow Lake – 3 Bennett Classification
Color (color units)	< 10 uncolored	10 – 20 slightly colored	20 – 40 lightly tea colored	40 – 80 tea colored	> 80 highly colored	<b>17.6</b> color units (range: 12.6 – 21.3)	Slightly colored
Alkalinity (mg/L)	< 0.0 acidified	0.1 - 2.0 extremely vulnerable	2.1 – 10 moderately vulnerable	10.1 – 25.0 low vulnerability	> 25.0 not vulnerable	<b>4.3</b> mg/L (range: 4.0 – 4.7)	Moderately vulnerable
pH (std units)	suboptimal	5.5 for successful reproduction	6.5 – 9.0 optimal range for fish growth and reproduction			<b>6.3</b> standard units (single value)	Sufficient for fish growth and reproduction
Specific Conductivity (uS/cm)	< 50 uS/cm Characteristic of minimally impacted NH lakes		50-100 uS/cm Lakes with some human influence	> 100 uS/cm Characteristic of lakes experiencing human disturbances		<b>71.7</b> uS/cm (single value)	Characteristic of lakes experiencing human disturbance



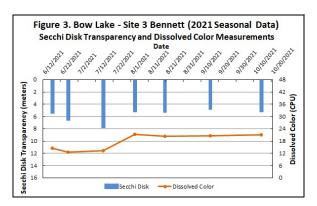


Figure 2 and 3. Seasonal Secchi disk transparency, chlorophyll a changes and dissolved color concentrations. Figures 2 and 3 illustrate the interplay among Secchi Disk transparency, chlorophyll a and dissolved color. Shallower water transparency measurements oftentimes correspond to increases in chlorophyll a and/or color concentrations.

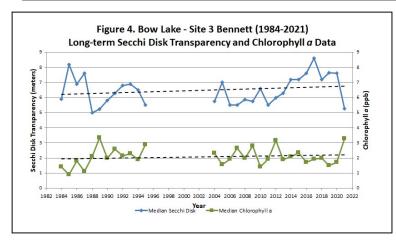
#### LONG-TERM TRENDS

WATER CLARITY: The Bow Lake water clarity measurements, measured as Secchi Disk transparency, have oscillated among years but do not display a trend of increasing or decreasing water clarity over the thirty years of water quality monitoring conducted between 1984 and 2021 (Figure 4).

**CHLOROPHYLL:** The Bow Lake chlorophyll *a* concentrations, a measure of microscopic plant life within the lake, have oscillated among years but do not display a trend of increasing or decreasing chlorophyll concentrations over the thirty years of water quality monitoring conducted between 1984 and 2021 (Figure 4).

**TOTAL PHOSPHORUS:** Phosphorus is the nutrient most responsible for microscopic plant growth. The Bow Lake total phosphorus concentrations display a trend of increasing concentrations over twenty-five years of water quality monitoring conducted between 1984 and 2021 (Figure 5).

**COLOR:** The Bow Lake color data, the result of naturally occurring "tea" color substances from the breakdown of soils and plant materials, have oscillated among years but do not display a trend of increasing or decreasing color concentrations over the twenty-five years of water quality monitoring conducted between 1984 and 2021 (Figure 5).



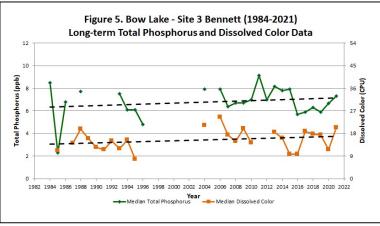


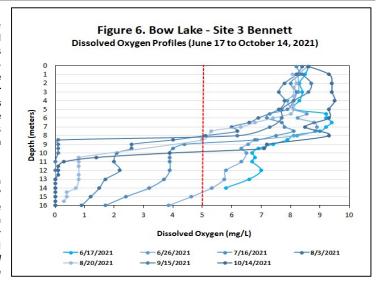
Table 3. Bow Lake Seaso	onal Average Water Quality	y Inter-site Comparison (2021)
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Site	Average (range) Secchi Disk Transparency	Average (range) Chlorophyll <i>a</i>	Average (range) Total Phosphorus	Average (range) Dissolved Oxygen
	(meters)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppm)
1 Ledges	6.0 (range: 4.8-7.9)	2.6 (range: 1.5-4.0)	7.0 (range: 5.3-8.0)	0.0 (range: 0.0 – 0.1)
3 Bennett	5.7 (range: 4.8-7.8)	2.9 (range: 1.5-4.8)	7.3 (range: 5.9-8.8)	0.0 (range: 0.0 – 0.1)

Dissolved oxygen data were measured on September 12, 2021 in the bottom water layer (hypolimnion).

Figures 4 and 5. Changes in the Bow Lake water clarity (Secchi Disk depth), chlorophyll a, dissolved color and total phosphorus concentrations measured between 1984 and 2021. These data illustrate the relationship among plant growth, water color and water clarity. Total phosphorus data are oftentimes correlated with the amount of plant growth. Long-term trends are based on the analysis of annual median values.

Figure 6. Bow Lake dissolved oxygen concentrations collected between June 17 and October 14, 2021. The vertical red line indicates the oxygen concentration commonly considered the threshold for successful growth and reproduction of cold water fish. Notice the decreasing dissolved oxygen concentrations near the lake bottom between July and October.



#### Recommendations

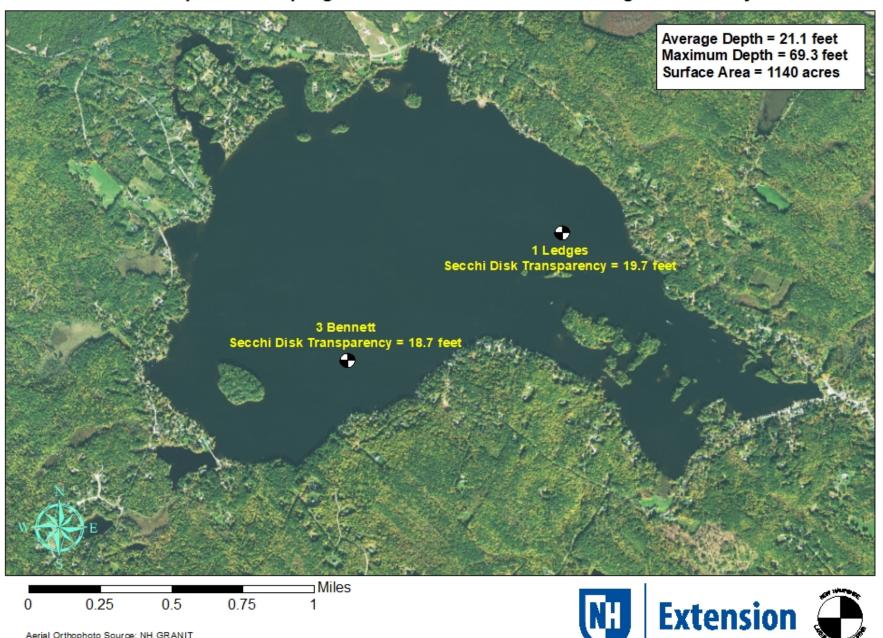
Implement Best Management Practices within the Bow Lake watershed to minimize the adverse impacts of polluted runoff and erosion into Bow Lake. Refer to "Landscaping at the Water's Edge: An Ecological Approach" and "New Hampshire Homeowner's Guide to Stormwater Management: Do-It-Yourself Stormwater Solutions for Your Home" for more information on how to reduce nutrient loading caused by overland run-off.

- https://extension.unh.edu/resources/files/resource004159 rep5940.pdf
- https://www.des.nh.gov/sites/g/files/ehbemt341/files/documents/2020-01/homeowner-guide-stormwater.pdf

# Figure 7. Bow Lake

Strafford & Northwood, NH

2021 Deep water sampling locations and the seasonal average water clarity



Aerial Orthophoto Source: NH GRANIT Site location GPS coordinates collected by the UNH Center for Freshwater Biology